Tom Bodin, MBA CFA

Chief Economist Indiana Attorney General 10/8/2008: Current State of Gasoline Prices

Gas Prices

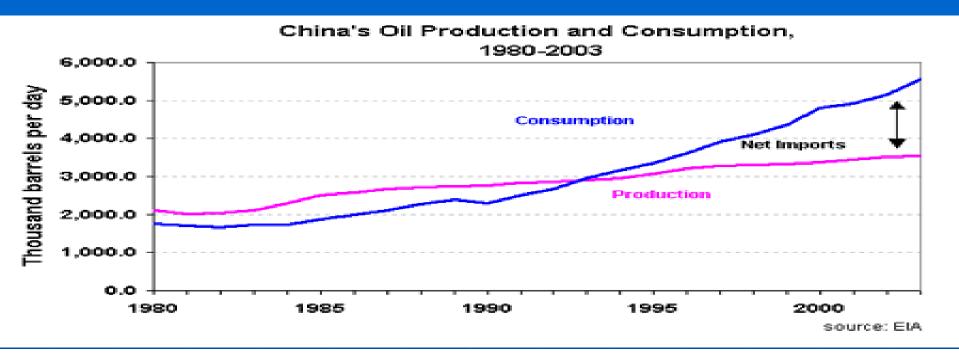
- The Global Demand Supply Equation
- 2. What goes into the price of Gasoline
- 3. Common Questions Asked

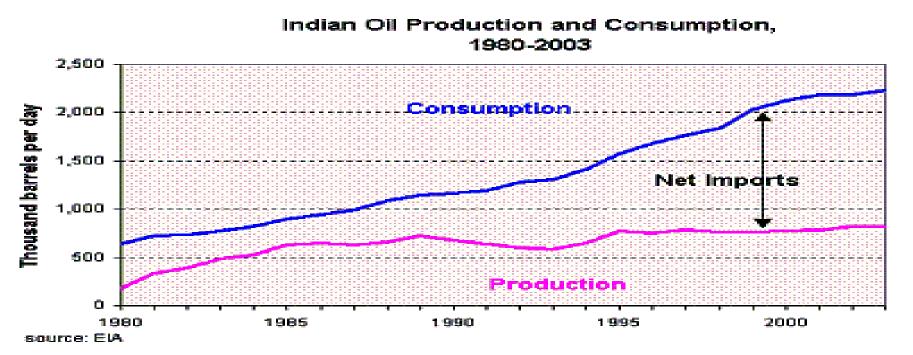
Petroleum as a Commodity

- This is not an Indiana Specific Issue
- This is not a US Specific Issue
- This is a World Issue

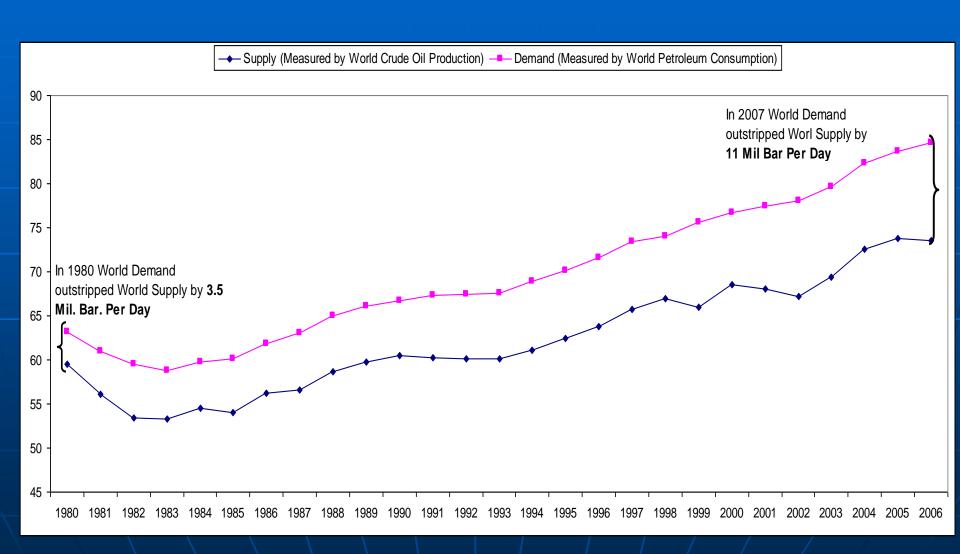
Major Flows of Crude Oil



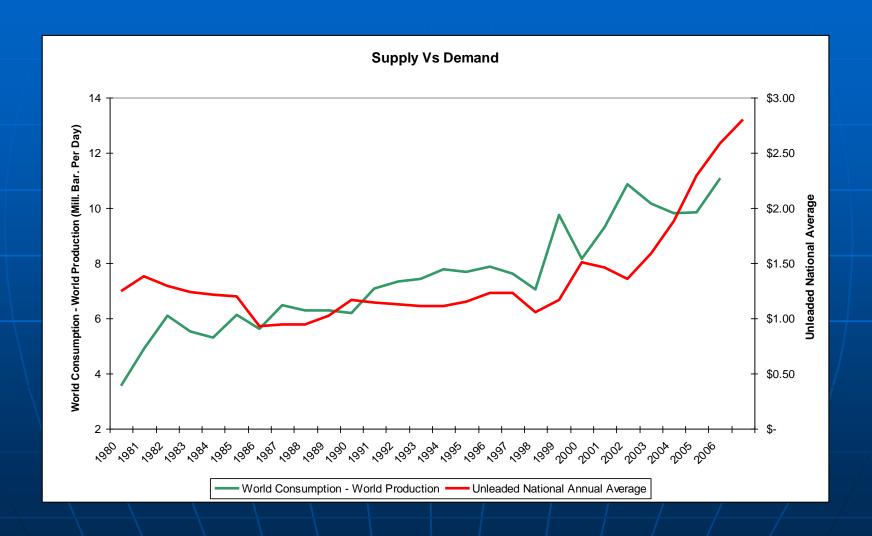




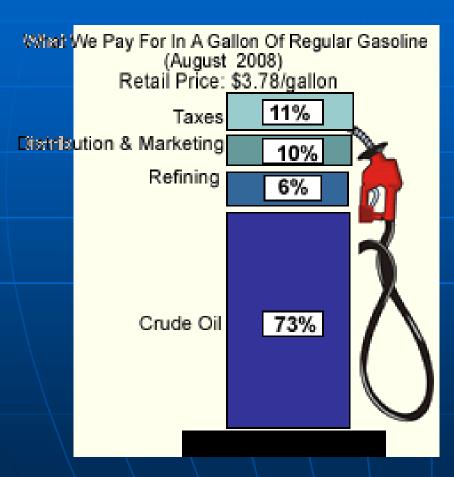
World Supply Demand Imbalance



Supply Vs Demand Sets Prices



What Goes Into A Gallon of Gas



- Taxes 11%
- Distribution and Marketing 10%
- Refining 6%
- Crude Oil 73%

Distribution and Marketing 10%

- Logistics, Retail Operational Expense,
 Salaries, and Profits for "Gas Station"
- Common Misperception
 - Price Origination Point
 - Profit Takers
 - Collusion

Collusion has been extensively studied by Academia, States, and Federal Government

Academia

- Harvard: Regional Gasoline Content Regulation and Gasoline Spikes
- University of North Carolina: Retail Gasoline Price
- Stanford University: Why California Gasoline Prices are So High? 2004

States

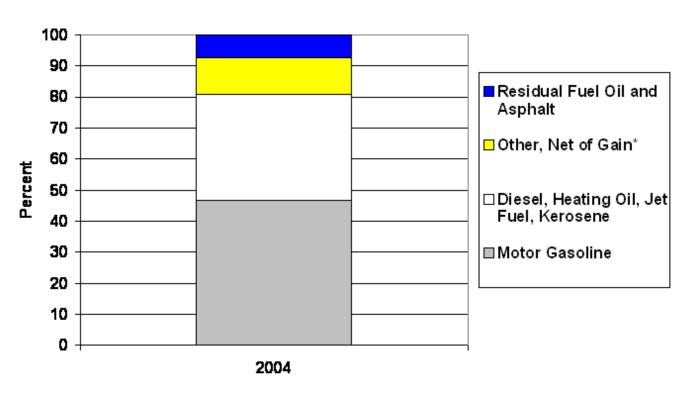
- Washington: State Gasoline Prices
- California: Price Spikes Spring of 2006 (papers produced 2006, 2005, and 2003

Federal Government

- Reports by the FTC
 - Submits report to Committees on Appropriations every 6 months
 - Interim report to Congress
 - Market Reports in 2008, 2006, 2005, and 2003
- DOE and EIA
 - Price Changes in the Gasoline Market

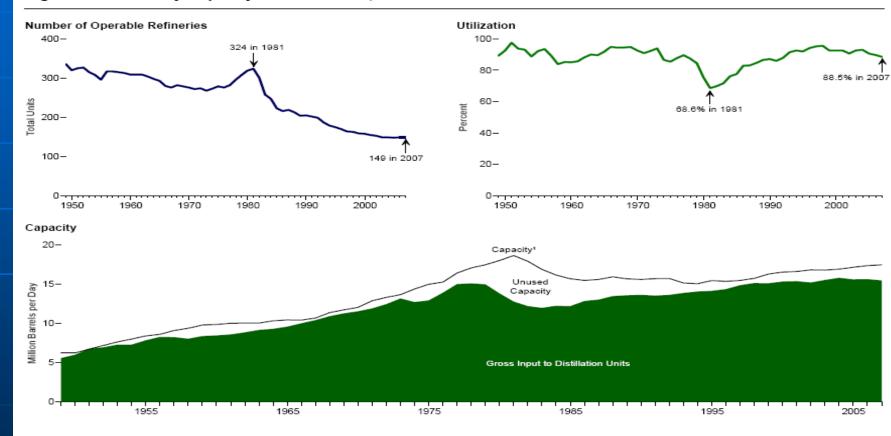
Refining 6%





EIA: Refinery Capacity and Utilization

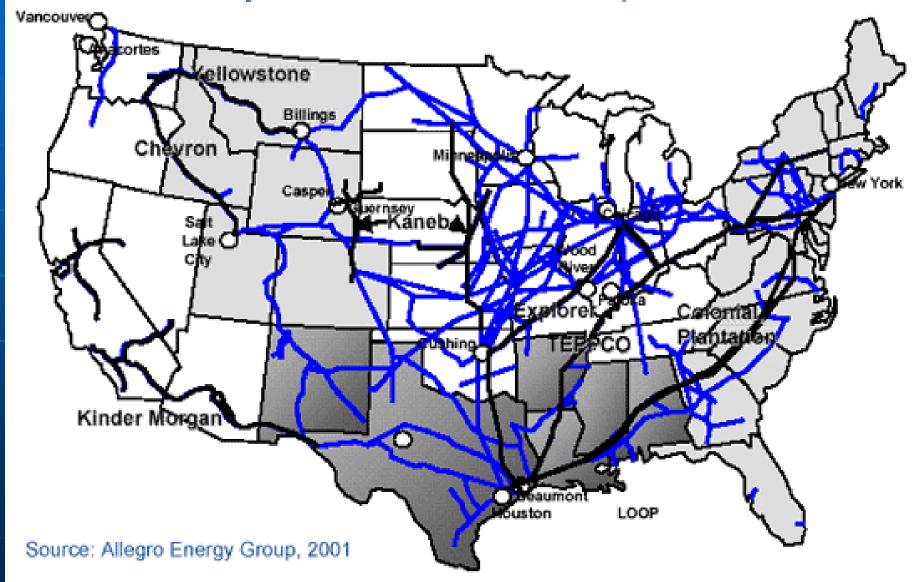
Figure 5.9 Refinery Capacity and Utilization, 1949-2007



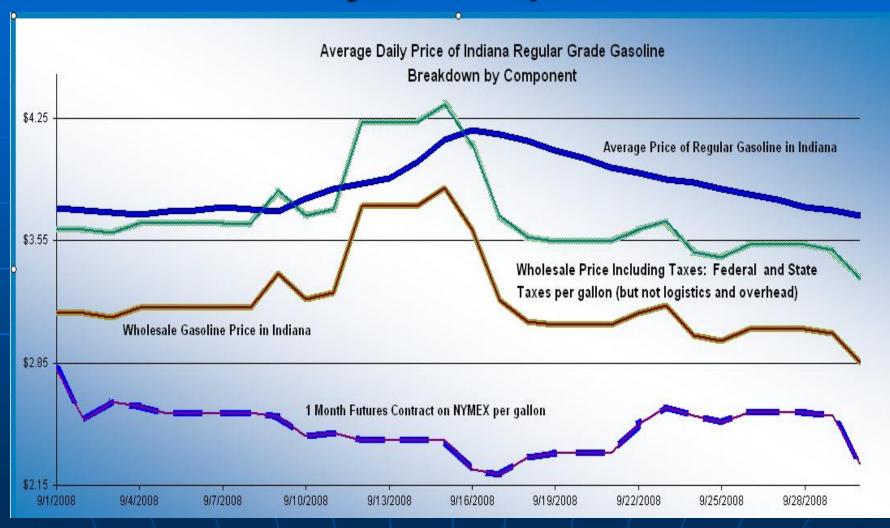
Operable refineries capacity on January 1.

Source: Table 5.9.

Major Refined Products Pipelines



Refinery Disruption: Ike

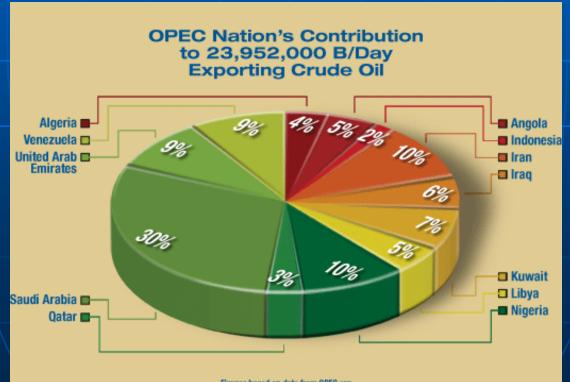


CRUDE OIL 73% WORLD FACTORS

- Collusion
- Growth Markets
- Financial Markets
- Terrorist Premium

Algeria	Indonesia	Iran	Iraq	
Kuwait	Libya	Nigeria	Qatar	
Saudi Arabia	United Arab Emirates		Venezuela	

- Collusive Organization for the purpose of Price Fixing
- Words Mean Less and Less



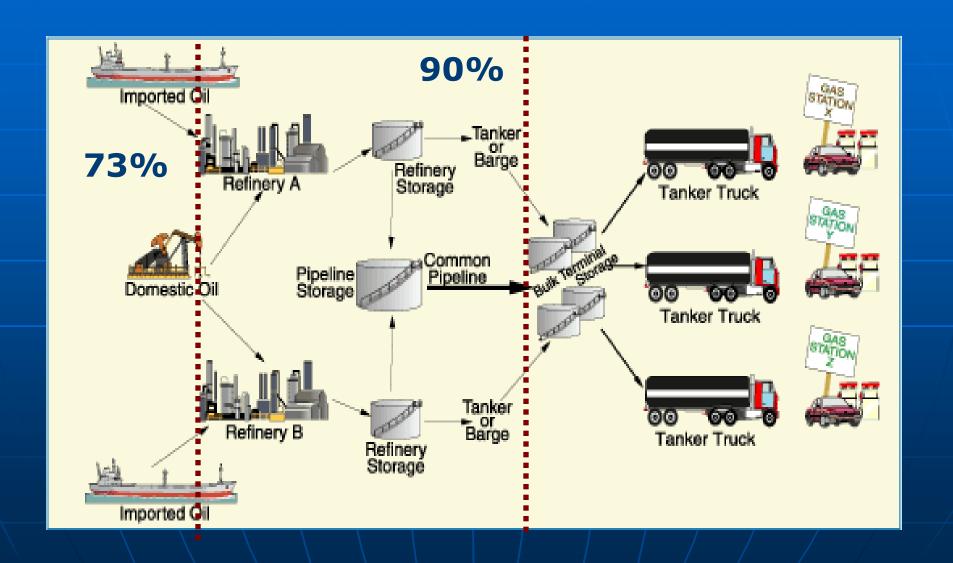
Hedging and Speculation

- 'Direct' Hedging: Refinery wants to make profit on refining not exposure to oil
- 'Indirect' Hedging: Low correlation against Traditional Financial Instruments, excellent for diversification
- Speculation: Betting in the direction of Crude Oil Prices. Is being flushed out with current market conditions.

Terror Premium

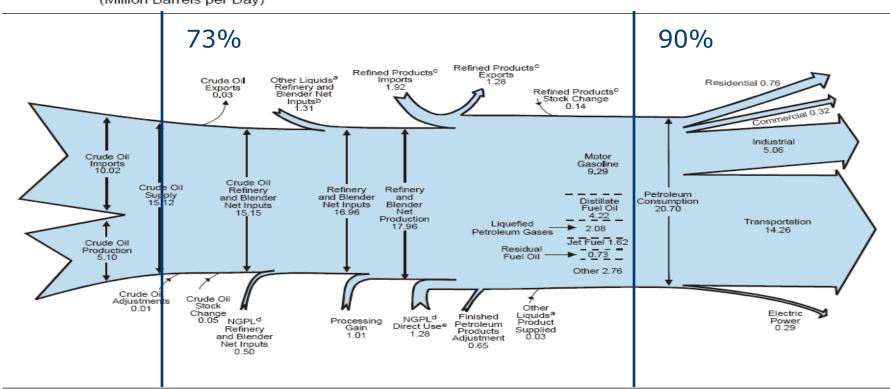
 Uncertainty is the greatest contributor to Volatility

The Process



EIA: Petroleum Flow

Diagram 2. Petroleum Flow, 2007 (Million Barrels per Day)



^{*} Unfinished oils, other hydrocarbons/hydrogen, and motor gasoline and aviation gasoline blending components.

Production minus refinery input.

Notes: • Data are preliminary. • Values are derived from source data prior to rounding for publication. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: Tables 5.1, 5.3, 5.5, 5.8, 5.11, 5.13a-5.13d, 5.16, and Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 2008, Table 4.

b Net imports (1.41) and adjustments (-0.05) minus stock change (0.02) and product supplied (0.03).

Finished petroleum products, liquefied petroleum gases, and pentanes plus.

d Natural gas plant liquids.

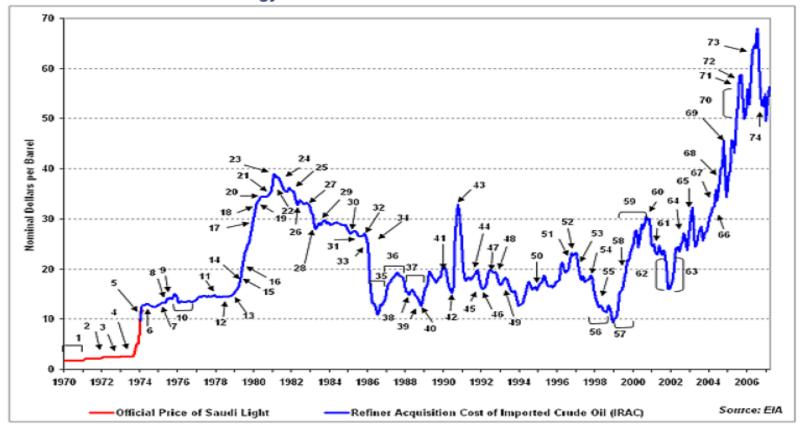
- Is the supply of gasoline (or announced supply of gasoline) artificially manipulated to keep prices high?
 - Yes, OPEC:
 - but unfortunately out of States' jurisdiction.
 - OPEC's sway is drastically diminished at current export levels

- Why does the price at the pump increase immediately upon the occurrence of an event that will not potentially affect supply until months into the future?
 - JIT Inventory Practices
 - Price taking by consumers

- Can we be assured that if production of gasoline is increased the price of gas will come down?
 - Historic precedence should hold
 - 70 Oil Embargo
 - 20 demand explosion

Annual Oil Market Chronology: EIA





- Are the States doing enough to reduce the price of Gasoline?
 - As a consumer of oil, gov. is limited
 - 2 Examples of unsuccessful legislation

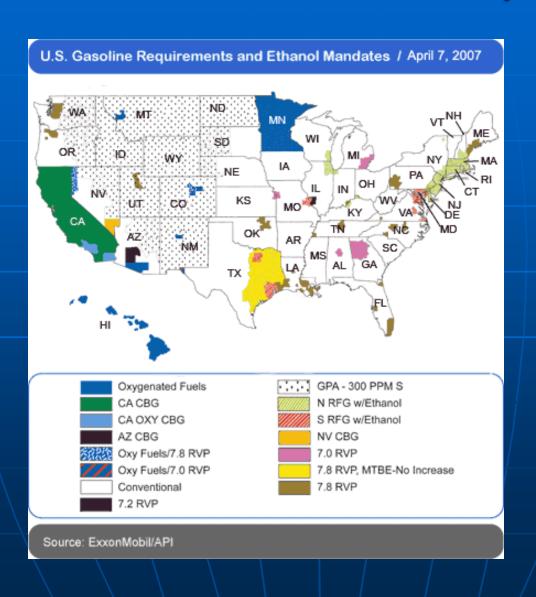
Legislation To Control Variability

- New Hampshire: Price can not fluctuate more then once in 24 hours.
 - Retailers must price in any possible increases once a day
 - Indiana Margin \$.085
 - New Hampshire Margin: \$.159
 - 187% difference

Legislation to Control Pricing

- Hawaii: Retail price must be tied to rack price in LA
 - If a margin is legislated, Price Taking will ensure price is fixed at high end
 - Lifted after 8 months
 - Hawaii Department of Business, EDT estimates consumers lost \$54.9 million in 1st five months.

State Mandated Fuel Requirements



Lets Look at Indiana



30 Day Moving Average Prices

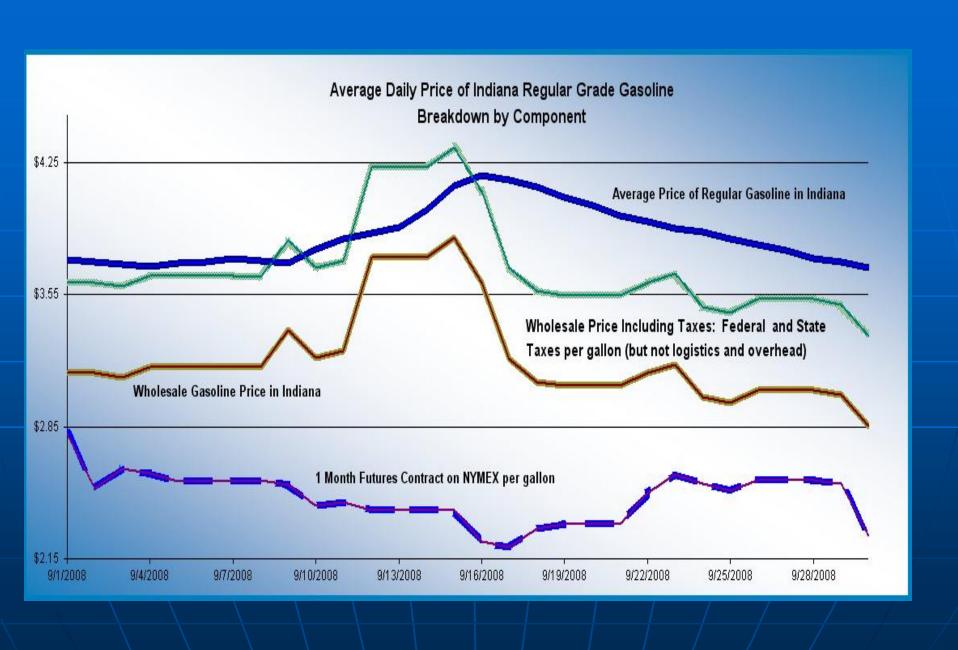
Indiana Running Average Price for Regular Gasoline per day 2008

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday	City Ave.
Bloomington	\$3.4260	\$3.3906	\$3.4040	\$3.4170	\$3.4264	\$3.4306	\$3.4279	\$3.4175
Evansville	\$3.4395	\$3.4021	\$3.4269	\$3.4445	\$3.4498	\$3.4507	\$3.4453	\$3.4370
Fort Wayne	\$3.4253	\$3.3827	\$3.4070	\$3.4304	\$3.4385	\$3.4397	\$3.4339	\$3.4225
Gary	\$3.4664	\$3.4275	\$3.4484	\$3.4600	\$3.4682	\$3.4717	\$3.4689	\$3.4587
Indianapolis	\$3.4542	\$3.4120	\$3.4312	\$3.4493	\$3.4564	\$3.4609	\$3.4570	\$3.4459
South Bend	\$3.4218	\$3.3757	\$3.3834	\$3.4017	\$3.4198	\$3.4185	\$3.4193	\$3.4057
Terre Haute	\$3.4589	\$3.4258	\$3.4448	\$3.4583	\$3.4704	\$3.4697	\$3.4659	\$3.4563
STATE AVE.	\$3.4417	\$3.4023	\$3.4208	\$3.4373	\$3.4471	\$3.4488	\$3.4455	\$3.4348

(Unweighted)

How we Monitor

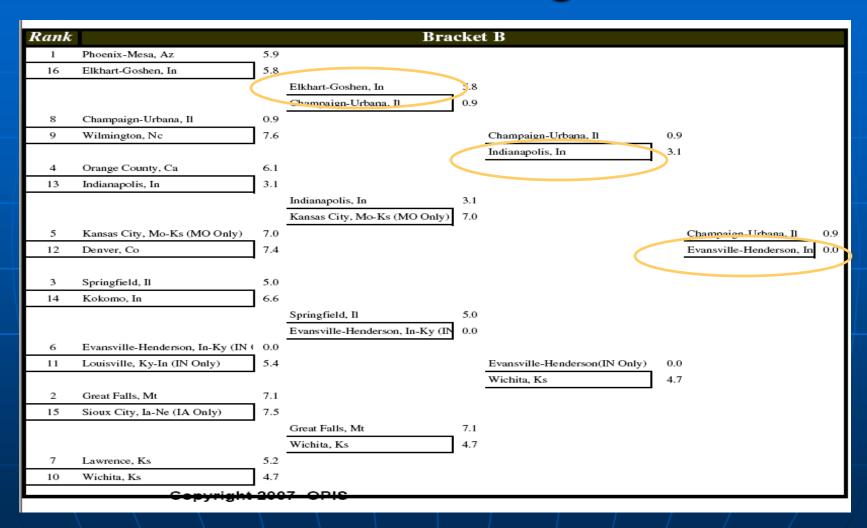
- Collect Prices from Public
- Model Pricing behavior across Jurisdictions
 - Crude Market Futures
 - Rack Wholesale Prices
 - Indiana Market Prices
- Daily Comparisons Made:
 Information shared with public



Indiana Margins

	F	Bracket C			Rank
			2.5	Bloomington-Normal, II	1
			6.7	Savannah, Ga	16
		2.5 Bloomington-Normal, II			
		6.3 Memphis, Tn-Ar-Ms (AR Only)			
			8.5	Tyler, Tx	8
	2.5 Bloomington-Normal, II	_	6.3	Memphis, Tn-Ar-Ms (AR Only)	9
	4.9 Augusta-Aiken, Ga-Sc (GA	Only)			
			6.2	Billings, Mt	4
			4.9	Augusta-Aiken, Ga-Sc (GA Only)	13
		4.9 Augusta-Aiken, Ga-Sc (GA Only	y)		
		7.6 Columbia, Mo			
2.5 Bloomington Normal, Il			7.6	Columbia, Mo	5
2.6 Lafayette, In			7.9	Jonesboro, AR	12
			7.2	Lubbock, Tx	3
			7.2	Bloomington, In	14
		7.2 Bloomington, In			
		2.6 Lafayette, In			
			4.9	Colorado Springs, Co	6
	2.6 Lafayette, In		2.6	Lafayette, In	11
	5.0 Chattanooga, In-Ga (GA O	<u>Only)</u>			_
			5.4	Waterloo-Cedar Falls, Ia	2
			7.6	Saginaw-Bay City-Midland, Mi	15
		5.4 Waterloo-Cedar Falls, Ia			
		5.0 Chattanooga, Tn-Ga (GA Only)	7.0	Facetonilla Na	-
				Fayette ville, No	7
			5.0	Chattanooga, Tn-Ga (GA Only)	10

Indiana Margins



OPIS MARCH MADNESS

- Indiana has 9 in the 64 chosen markets
- Has 4 in the Sweet 16

 Balance poor margin with need to ensure competition

Jurisdiction

- General Consumer Statute & Anti-Trust Statute
 - Retail Level
 - Rack to Retail Level: Margins
- Indiana Price Gouging Statute: IC 4-6-9.1
 - State of Emergency
 - Price grossly exceeds prior 7 day average
 - Price increase not attributable to market forces

Solutions

- Increase Supply (10 year lead time)
- Decrease Demand (Consumer, aggregate, world)
- Consumer Expenditures
 - If you ID a store selling cheaper, buy from the store
 - Fuel Efficient Vehicles (5 year lead time)
 - Smart Driving Tips

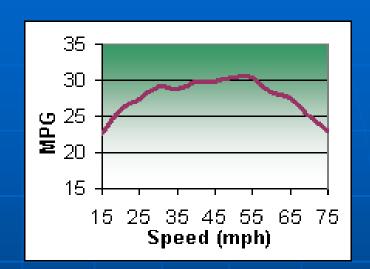
- Save Gas! Cont.
 - Keep Engine Tuned (\$.06 \$.60)
 - Filters (\$.15)
 - Tires Properly Inflated (\$.05)
 - Recommended Oil (\$.03)

RECOMMENDED					
	FRONT REAL	R SPARE TIRE			
TIRE SIZE	P145/80R1	T105/80D13			
COLD TIRE PRESSURE	32 PSI	60 PSI			
AT MAX LOAD	220 KPA	420 KPA			
VEHICLE CAPACITY					
MAX. LOAD (LBS)	688 (OCCUPANTS FLUS LUGGAGE)				
OCCUPANTS	FRONT 2	REAR 2			
SEE OWNER'S MANUAL FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION					



How to Save Money on Gas

- SAVE GAS!!
 - Speed (\$.10 \$.34)
 - Don't Idle
 - Cruise Control
 - Overdrive Gears



Possible Savings

- At 20 Mpg
- Driving 15,000 MPY
- Saving \$.26 per gallon
- Will save \$195.00 for Year

Information Sources

Indiana Attorney General's Office

http://www.indianaconsumer.com/consumer_guide/gasoline_resources.asp Access Via Indianaconsumer.com

Indiana Specific Price Information
Ability to Issue Complaint
Annual Supply and Demand Information

Designed to be Constituent friendly resource

Energy Information Administration: EIA

Official Energy Statistics from Feds

http://www.eia.doe.gov/

Petroleum

Natural gas

Electricity

Coal

Renewable & Alternative

Nuclear

Resource for macroeconomic variables and analysis

American Petroleum Institute

Industry Organization

http://api-ep.api.org/

Advocacy

Research and Stats

Standards

Certification

Education

Great comparative resource for pending legislation and Industry activities.

OPIS (Oil Price Information Service)

Independent Data Repository

http://www.opisnet.com/

Raw Price Data (retail and wholesale)
Scholarly Articles
Industry Statistics (primarily retail)

"OPIS is the world's most comprehensive source for petroleum pricing and new information."